Name
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# We're Engaged! Part 1

Rec	all			
Effe	ective teachers attend to the "Big 5":			
	1) Maximize Structure			
	2) Clarify Expectations			
	3) Reinforce Appropriate Behavior			
	4) Respond to Disruptions			
	5)	_		
	Engagement – A strategy that invites	students to	participate during i	nstruction
	→ i.e., <i>Everyone</i> will	it,	it,	it
	e.g., "This is called an apo [apostrophe, apostrop		strophe 3 times, rea	dy?"
I. T	The "Why"			
	Isabelle's dropping math scores			
	From Research:			
	The positive effects of OTRs include decrea increases in behavior, acade of responses	mic	behavior a , and	nd number
	(Carnine, 1976; Suther	rland et al., 2003;	Sutherland & Web West & Sloa	
	which can even be true for students with	EBD:		,
	- disruptions: decreased from 2/min	to 1 per		
	- on task behavior: increased by			
	- correct responses: increased from .	025 to	(Haydon et	al., 2009)
			( 1)	,
	NOT			
	Who can raise their hand and tell me?			
	Raise your hand if you know			
	I'll call on someone to tell us about			

Strike 1 – "One of you will participate while 99 do"
→ i.e.,
Strike 2 – "Let's strengthen the understanding of those who know the most about this idea."
$\rightarrow$ i.e.,
Strike 3 – "I hope that you as the student explain your idea and enough that everyone else understands and learns the content."
else understands and learns the content."
→ i.e.,
BUT
Everyone say this word with me.
Everyone echo, my turn first
I'll ask, and everyone will answer.
Win 1 – "ALL of you will during instruction."
→ i.e.,
Win 2 – "Those who already 'get it' can it, while those who are just learning it can start to it."
$\rightarrow$ i.e.,
Win 3 – "As the most trained person in the classroom, I will teach this idea and and
enough that everyone can understand and learn the content."
$\rightarrow$ i.e.,
II: The "How"
VIDEO: Everyone Says Everything
Tally how many times ALL students are invited to chorally respond.
Behind the Scenes
Q: When do they respond?
A: If the teacher is talking about an idea that is or

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e.g., Lesson 111:
           vowels
           consonants
           the doubling rule
           root word
           "check"
           2 letter p's
           doubled the consonant
Q: How do they know to respond?
A: The teacher gives a clear
       My favorites (vocal): "Ready?"
                           "Echo."
                           "Say it."
Did You Notice?
Effective cues are ______, sweet, and to the point
A Word about Working Memory...
Can you keep this number in your brain without writing it down?
Again...
Effective cues are short, sweet, and to the point
      i.e., teachers use _____ wording to invite responding
       My favorites (non-vocal): [Fill in the blank]
                                  [Raised pitch]
                                  [Pointing]
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## VIDEO: Inviting Students to Respond

Notice what the teacher does in order to indicate that students should respond. (*Hint*: lots of fill-in-the-blank and raised pitch)

## 3 Examples

Notice echoing of new or key ideas and clear signals to respond

Exam	$pl\epsilon$	1	:

Today we're going to learn a new sound. Echo me and listen for	pick
There are two letters making the /k/ sound. They are	luck

C and k come together to make something called a digraph. A digraph is...

## Quick Tip:

Beware the open-ended,	word response invitation
→ unless you're having then	m echo in
e.g., We are learning abo	out
the consonant letter	Gg!

#### Example 2:

Today, I want you to learn an idea called place value. PV means...

For instance, if I put a 3 in the... hundreds...

tens...

ones...

10s	1s
3	3

## Example 3:

We're going to learn the word habitat. Habitat means the place where something lives. For instance, people might live in a house, apartment, or trailer. Sharks live in the ocean, monkeys live in the jungle, and lizards live in the desert. It's called their habitat!

habitat

stack

Did You Notice'?
Opportunities to respond can be ( be!) woven into every subject.
Kevin Feldman: " on the tongue."
Research: OTRs/min during instruction
A Quick Review:
Engagement requires
- identifying or ideas
- clear to repeat those ideas
→ throughout subject
Q: What did you like or learn about using engagement in the classroom?
A: